



# BENEVOLENT IAS ACADEMY

# 1626 – A, Sri Vinayaga Complex,  
Hope College, Peelamedu (PO),  
Coimbatore – 641 004.

Cell: +91-9787731607, 9787701067.

Web: [www.benevolentacademy.com](http://www.benevolentacademy.com), E-Mail: [benevolentacademy@gmail.com](mailto:benevolentacademy@gmail.com)

## TODAY'S IMPORTANT CURRENT AFFAIRS

### UPSC PRELIMS

**Date: 18.06.2025**

#### TODAY'S DROPS OF NEWS:

<u>SUBJECT</u>	<u>IN NEWS</u>
<b>POLITY</b>	<b>Can't allow mob rule: SC on <i>Thug Life</i> row</b>
<b>ECONOMY</b>	---
<b>GEOGRAPHY</b>	---
<b>HISTORY AND ART &amp; CULTURE</b>	<b>Amarnath Yatra routes made 'no-fly zone'</b>
<b>ENVIRONMENT</b>	---
<b>SCIENCE &amp; TECH</b>	---
<b>MISCELLANEOUS</b>	---

#### HISTORY AND ART & CULTURE

**In news:** Amarnath Yatra routes made 'no-fly zone'.

**Amarnath:** It is located on the bank of river Amarnath in the state of Jammu and Kashmir.

➤ The Amarnath Yatra is an annual pilgrimage in India, primarily undertaken

by devout Hindus.

- The yatra typically takes place during the months of July and August .
- It is devoted to Lord Shiva.
- It is believed that Lord Shiva revealed the secrets of life and eternity to Goddess Parvati in this cave. It is also considered one of the holiest shrines in Hinduism.
- The Amarnath Yatra was officially started in 1934 by the Dogra ruler Maharaja Hari Singh.
- The pilgrimage was closed during the partition of India and Pakistan in 1947, but it was reopened in 1949 after the intervention of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, India's first home minister.
- Pilgrims can reach the cave via two main routes: Pahalgam and Baltal, which is a security issue.
- All routes of the yatra were announced as 'no-fly zone', so the pilgrims can reach the cave only by the means of horses, palanquin or by foot. It hardly will take 5 days to reach there by foot. Enhanced security, medicine and disaster preparedness measures are being implemented, especially after recent attacks.

## **POLITY**

**In news:** Can't allow mob rule: SC on *Thug Life* row.

**Fundamental Rights:** The FR enshrined in Part III of the Constitution from Article 12-35. It is been inspired from the Constitution of USA (i.e., Bill of rights). Right to freedom (Article 19-22).

**Article 19:** It guarantees to all **citizens** the six rights.

- Right to freedom of speech and expression.
- Right to assemble peaceably and without arms.
- Right to form associations or unions or co-operative societies.
- Right to move freely throughout the territory of India.
- Right to reside and settle in any part of the territory of India.

- Right to practice any professions or to carry on any occupation, trade or business.

The petition questions the Karnataka Government's flagrant failure to maintain law and order that it can not stop a freedom speech and expression on a certified film's exhibition.

### **Grounds for restrictions on freedom of speech and expression:**

- On the grounds of sovereignty and integrity of India.
- Security of the state.
- Friendly relations with foreign states.
- Public order, decency or morality.
- Contempt of court.
- Defamation.
- Incitement to an offence.

**MENTOR**

**MR. V. GOKULA KRISHNAN**

**ACADEMIC ADVISOR**

**Mrs. D. Rajakali Thomas**